Investor Meeting for the Year ended March 2018

May 21, 2018



Toshiro Suzuki, Representative Director, COO

(Stock code: 8150)

Business Activities

As a general electronics trading company committed to being "customers' best partner," Sanshin Electronics runs two major businesses: device business and solution business.

Device Business

— Addressing diversified market needs through a wide product lineup —

We cover a wide array of manufacturers, from both domestic and overseas major semiconductors/electronic parts makers all the way to emerging manufacturers that are currently developing products with excellent performance. In a time when market needs are constantly diversifying, we respond to our customers' requests through a full lineup and detailed system of both domestic and overseas sales.



Solution Business

— Building up social infrastructures interconnected through ICT —

With information and telecommunications network at the core of our operations, we are committed to proposing and building up the optimal system to fit our customers' needs. We provide our customers with a safe and reliable infrastructure through bundled services, including a support menu, after the system implementation.



I. Year Ended March 2018 Performance Summary

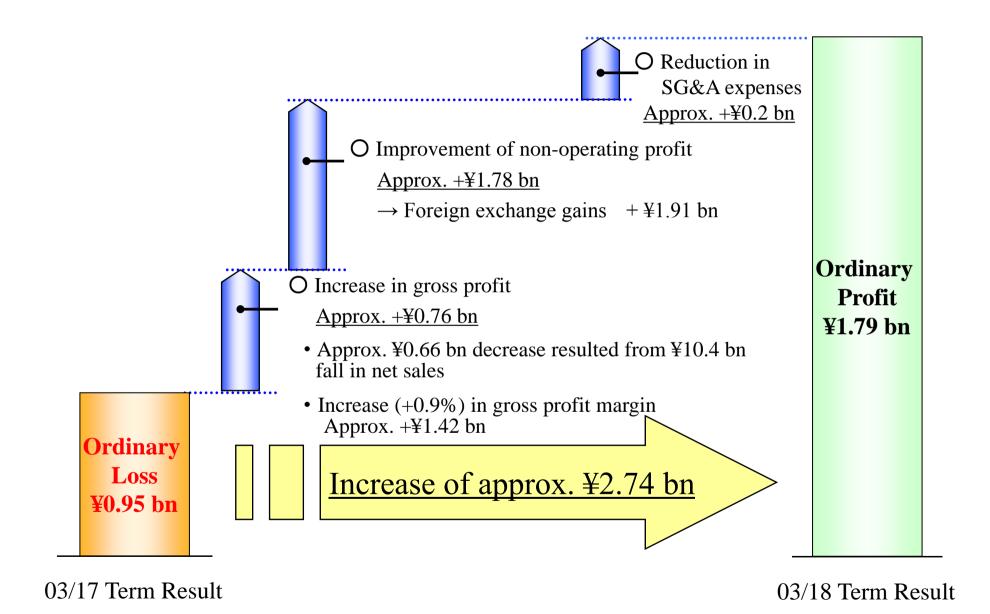
Business performance improved due to improvement of the gross profit margin, reduction of SG&A expenses, reduction of foreign exchange loss, etc.

	03/17 Result	03/18 Result	YoY Change	Forecast*1)	Achievement Ratio
Net Sales	1,676.6	1,572.6	94%	1,530.0	103%
Gross Profit on Sales	6.4% 106.9	7.3% 114.5	107%	7.4%	101%
SG&A Expenses	5.9% 98.8	6.2%	98%	6.4%	99%
Operating Profit/Loss	0.5%	1.1%	219%	1.0%	110%
Ordinary Profit/Loss	-0.6% -9.5	1.1%	+27.4	1.0%	
Net Profit/Loss Attributable to Shareholders of Parent Company	-0.9% -15.8	0.6%	+25.2	0.5%	118%
ROE	-2.5%		+4.0P		
Annual Dividend Per Share	¥25	¥33	+¥8		+¥8
Payout Ratio	_	98.2%	_	88.1%	
Exchange Rate (1 US dollar)	¥108.42	¥110.86	¥2.44	¥110.54	

^{*1)} Figures in the Forecast section were revised at the announcement on November 6, 2017 of the results for the Second Quarter of March 2018 Term.

^{*2)} Figures in the YoY Change section for ordinary profit/loss, net profit/loss, ROE, annual dividend per share, payout ratio and exchange rate represent increases or decreases of amount. Also, figures in the Achievement Ratio section for ROE, annual dividend per share, payout ratio and exchange rate represent increases or decreases of amount.

Year Ended March 2018 Year-to-Year Comparison of Consolidated Ordinary Profit



Year Ended March 2018 Consolidated Performance Summary by Segment

Unit: ¥100 million

Changes in the Business Environment

- →Although concern remains regarding political trends and geopolitical risk in the U.S. and Europe, there is overall recovery with a focus on advanced nations.
- →Growth of markets related to advanced driving support systems for automobiles, IoT, M2M, etc.; steady growth of IT investment.

Device Business

- →Although sales of LCD-related products decreased, sales of automobile products were strong and new business also increased.
- →Segment profit returned to profitability due to increase in the gross profit margin, reduction of fixed cost through voluntary retirement/consolidation of offices, and reduction of foreign exchange loss.

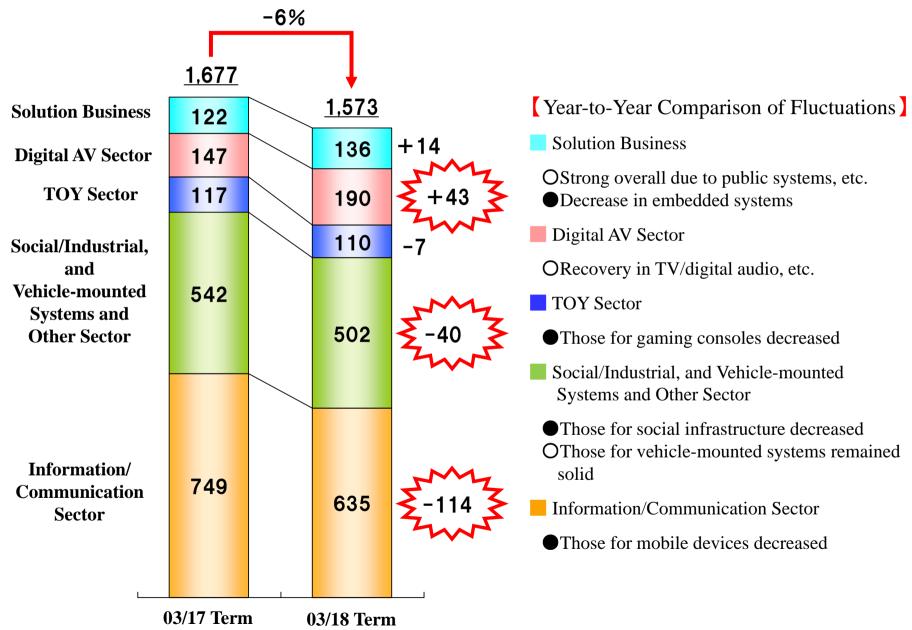
Solution Business

- →Although sales of embedded systems decreased, net sales were strong due to recovery in solutions for public systems, etc.
- →Segment profit remained nearly the same as the previous year due to a decrease in the gross profit margin.

		03/17 Term	03/18 Term	YoY Change	Forecast*1)	Achievement
		Result	Result	101 Change	Forecast	Ratio
	Net Sales	1,554.8	1,437.0	92%	1,390.0	103%
Device	Operating	0.4%	1.1%		1.1%	
Business	Profit/Loss	6.8	16.2	238%	15.3	106%
	Segment	-1.3%	0.5%		0.3%	
	Profit/Loss	-20.3	7.2	+27.5	4.2	172%
	Net Sales	121.7	135.6	111%	140.0	97%
Solution	Operating	10.1%	10.0%		10.1%	
Business	Profit/Loss	12.4	13.6	110%	14.1	96%
	Segment	8.8%	7.8%		7.7%	
	Profit/Loss	10.8	10.6	99%	10.8	98%
Exchange rate (1 US dollar)		¥108.42	¥110.86	¥2.44	¥110.54	¥0.32

^{*1)} Figures in the Forecast section were revised at the 2nd quarter investor meeting held on November 6, 2017.

^{*2)} Figures in the YoY Change section for segment profit/loss in the device business and figures in the YoY Change and Achievement Ratio sections for exchange rate represent increases or decreases.



II. V70 Medium-Term Management Plan Progress and Outlook

II-1) Outline and Interim Assessment

Sanshin electronics co., Ltd. Summary of V70 Medium-Term Management Plan (Contents)

- Business environment
- •Instability in exchange rates/stock markets, customer/supplier/competitor's business acquisitions and sell-offs
- •Reduction of suppliers' products and termination of the digitalization of wireless communication for firefighting and emergency services
- •Rise of new business fields such as cloud computing/IoT

In order to provide compelling value to all of our stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers and shareholders, Sanshin Electronics will establish a strong revenue base that can overcome changes in the business environment

Strengthening of business capability

- Returning to profitability in the device business
- Strengthening of revenue base of the solution business
- Investment for strengthening of alliance

Enhancement of capital efficiency

The following measures to be implemented in the 3 terms extending from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018 to the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020

- Increase in dividend payout ratio to around 100%
- Acquisition of treasury stock up to ¥20 billion (10 million shares) in total for the 3 terms

Strengthening of corporate governance

V70 quantitative target

ROE of 5% by the final year (fiscal year ending March 31, 2021)

Consolidated ordinary profit of ¥3 billion in the final year

Enhancement of Capital Efficiency

Resolution of treasury stock acquisition to attain the ultimate goal of ROE of 5% *For details, please refer to the "Notice Regarding Acquisition of Treasury Stock and Tender Offer of Treasury Stock" as of May 14, 2018.

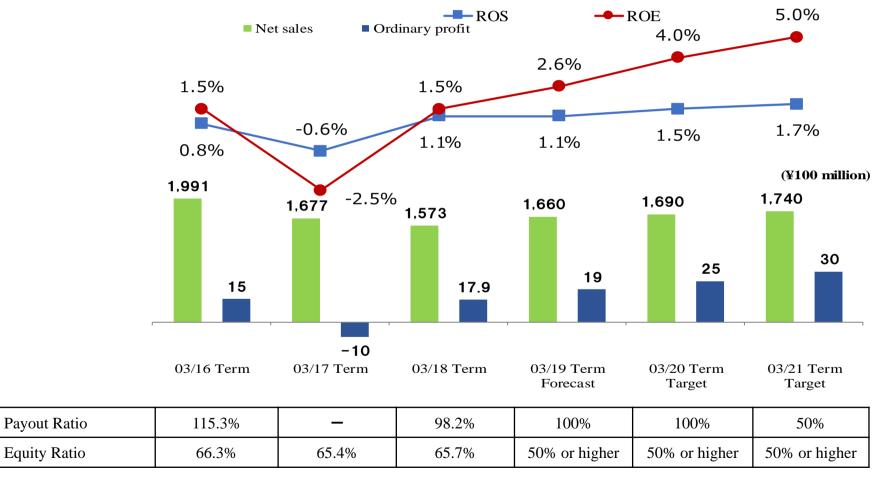
	Tender Offer of Treasury Stock Outline			
Purchase Price	¥2,191 per share (equivalent to BPS as of end of March 2018)			
Number of Share Certificates Planned for Purchase	9 million ordinary shares *(1) Equivalent to 30.74% of the number of outstanding shares *(2) The number of shares to be purchased will not exceed the number of share certificates planned for purchase (pro rata method)			
Total Purchase Amount	¥19,719 million			
Tender Offer Period	May 15, 2018 (Tuesday) to June 11, 2018 (Monday) *20 business days			
TOB Agent	Daiwa Securities Co. Ltd.			
Settlement Start Date	July 3, 2018			

The Company will continue to examine acquisition of its treasury stock for the purpose of maximizing value for shareholders with consideration of corporate value and stock price level. In addition, in order to secure flexibility and mobility in the Company's capital policy, the Company plans to reduce the capital reserve and transfer the reduced amount of the capital reserve to other capital surplus.

*For details, please refer to the "Notice Regarding Reduction of Capital Reserve" as of May 14, 2018.

Through the strengthening of business capability and enhancement of capital efficiency by actively increasing returns to shareholders, the Company sets an ordinary profit of ¥3 billion and ROE of 5% in each fiscal year including the fiscal year ending March 2021 as a goal which must be attained.

Numerical Plan Until March 2021 Term



^{*(1)} The target for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2020 is added to the V70 Medium-Term Management Plan released on May 15, 2017.

^{*(2)} Based on the assumption that tender offer of the Company's treasury stock released on May 14, 2018 is implemented.

Efficiency increase phase including the combination and reorganization of business locations has ended for now. In the final 3 years of the Medium-Term Management Plan, we will work on reform of the business portfolio and development of business in new areas which are in the course of completion.

Main achievements in the first 2 years

- Acquisition of new commercial rights in the device business
- Maintenance of strong vehicle-mounted systems
- Synergy creation between business units and launch of IoT business, etc.
- Production of results by combining and reorganizing business locations and optimizing staffing

Main challenges to be resolved in the final 3 years

- Reform of the business portfolio in the device business which is half-way through
- Expansion of scale of business in new area IoT business, etc. are in the launch phase → Currently remaining small scale
- Urgent task is the increase of business profitability and expansion of customers/commercial rights, etc.

Future Activities



- Device business: Profitability increase by drastic change of business portfolio
- Solution business: Deep cultivation of existing business + growth of new areas (embedded systems, AI/IoT, SI services, etc.)

Group management system



Pursuit of management system construction with an eye on (1) further <u>profitability increase</u> for each business, (2) <u>significant expansion of customers/commercial rights</u>, etc. (3) optimal allocation of management resources

Medium-Term Management Plan Measures		Progress	Assessment
I. Returning to profitability in the device business	Reform of business portfolio	Delay in launch of new growth business which is expected to be a new revenue base. → Continuous promotion	\(\)
	Enhancement in profitability of existing business	Although there are still challenges in the expansion of customers/commercial rights, etc., good results are seen in sales expansion of some merchandise.	Δ
II. Strengthening of revenue base of the solution business	Expansion of cloud service portfolio	Establishment of revenue base of the data center business is halfway through. Booming market cannot be completely captured yet.	×
	Maximization of synergy effects between business units	Some results were made in AP x video, AP x network, video x firefighting and disaster prevention, etc. However, scale expansion is still halfway through and a challenge to be resolved from now on.	Δ
Others Cost structure reform		After staffing optimization, efficient management is being conducted according to the policy. Optimization of currency exchange rates and interest rate continues.	0

Focus on reform of the business portfolio and promotion of the cloud business to change the direction to growth

II-2) Actions and Roadmap

5 Key Actions

Devices (Overall)	Increase of value and profit rate by reforming the business portfolio
Devices (Individual)	Capture of vehicle-mounted system area by utilizing strong core merchandise and graphic technologies, increase of our share in next generation games, network and wireless market, and focus on IoT business
Solutions	Cross-selling based on internal and external co-creation/collaboration with SIers, dedication to cloud use, and promotion of the creation of added value
M&A, etc.	Continuous examination of business alliances/M&A contributing to expansion of our activity area, customers/commercial rights, etc.
Management System	Examination of building an optimal management system for the Group with the aim of enhancing corporate value

In the final 3 years, enhance monitoring system for each item more than before and accelerate implementation of the PDCA cycle to ensure that the Medium-Term Management Plan is attained.

V70 Road Map for the Final 3 Years (Device Business)

Business Vision

Establishment of position as an engineering trading company. Aiming for growth in a sustainable manner by expanding our activity area.

(Wall) Specific Scenarios	<u>segment</u>
 Selection and concentration by reform of business portfolio → Continuous increase of gross profit 	
 Focus on strategic devices (for vehicle-mounted systems, next generation games, NW and wireless markets) and capture of a mass market where our strengths can be utilized 	¥151.2 billion
Continuous building basis in collaboration with SIers	

March 2019 **Term**

• Focus on strategic devices (for vehicle-mounted systems, next generation games, NW and wireless markets) and deep cultivation of a mass market where our strengths can be utilized

• Collaboration with SIers, acceleration of development of new ODM manufacturers

(Main) Specific Scanarios

¥154.5 • Creation of business by integration of Sanshin System Design and IoT Business Unit

¥1.3 billion

segment

¥0.83

billion

Sales target by Profit target by

March 2020 Term

- Increase in business size by device business x solution business
- Monetization of our IoT service business (as an organizer)

and entry in the billing business

• Acceleration of integration of IoT strategy and individual business unit strategy -To the establishment of our unique position

¥158.2 billion

billion

¥1.6 billion

March 2021 **Term**

SANSHIN ELECTRONICS CO., LTD. V70 Road Map for the Final 3 Years (Solution Business)

Business Vision

Aiming for transition to AI/IoT and cloud provision type business while placing maintenance and expansion of existing businesses as the core

	(Main) Specific Scenarios	Sales target by segment	Profit target by segment
March 2019	 Continuous deep cultivation of existing key accounts Establishment of revenue base by cross-selling and response to closed data centers Expansion of receiving orders by collaboration of sales policy with key suppliers such as NEC 	¥14.8 billion	¥1.07 billion
Term March 2020	 Enhancement of hybrid response with an eye on the transition period from onpremises → cloud (Building a system of administration relations + information relations, launch of original merchandise, etc.) Acquisition of cloud projects and continuous response to and enhancement of the closed data centers Acceleration of service creation by using Sanshin Data Center (SDC) 	¥14.5 billion	¥1.2 billion
Term March 2021 Term	 Acceleration of response to system outsourcing Full launch of provision of the IoT compatible platform system and embedded system Penetration of AI/IoT related solutions into medium/small-sized companies	¥15.8 billion	¥1.4 billion

II-3) Device Business

Simultaneous promotion of reform of business profile that increases growth rate and enhancement in profitability of existing business

V70 Direction

Reform of business portfolio

Departure from dependence on low-growth and low-profitability business (increase in the ratio of high-growth and high-profitability business)

- Placing priority on the markets where growth is highly expected
- Promotion of solution provision type business through enhancement in SIer capability
- Investment for strengthening of alliance for creation of new business opportunities

Enhancement in profitability of existing business

Enhancement in profitability of core device business and volume sale business

- Fixed cost reduction through reform of cost structure
- Strengthening of risk management relating to currency exchange rates and inventory

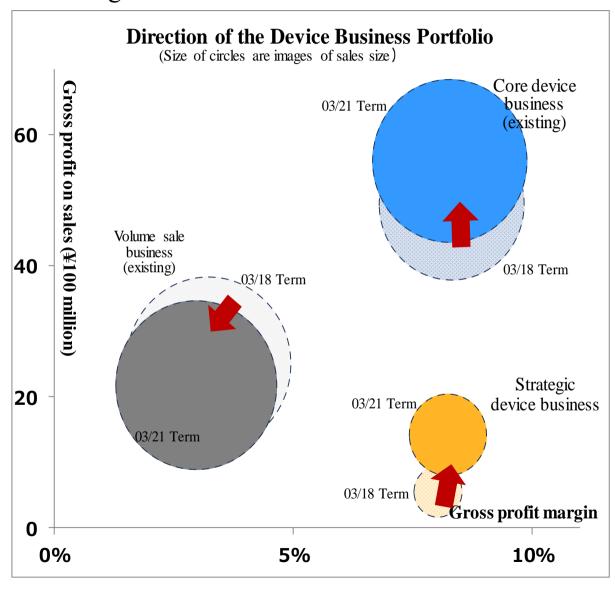
Priority Activities for the Coming 3 Years

- Acceleration of the shift from a lowprofitability volume sale business to a core device business that utilizes our technical ability
- → Enhancement to acquire the growth amount of the market in the automobile, IoT and wireless fields
- Creation of business in the IoT field and solution provision type business by strengthening alliances
- Improvement of gross margin rate in the core device business
- Sustaining effects of fixed cost cutting
- → Maintaining the decrease of the SG&A expenses ratio
- Enhancement of risk management relating to currency exchange rates and inventory





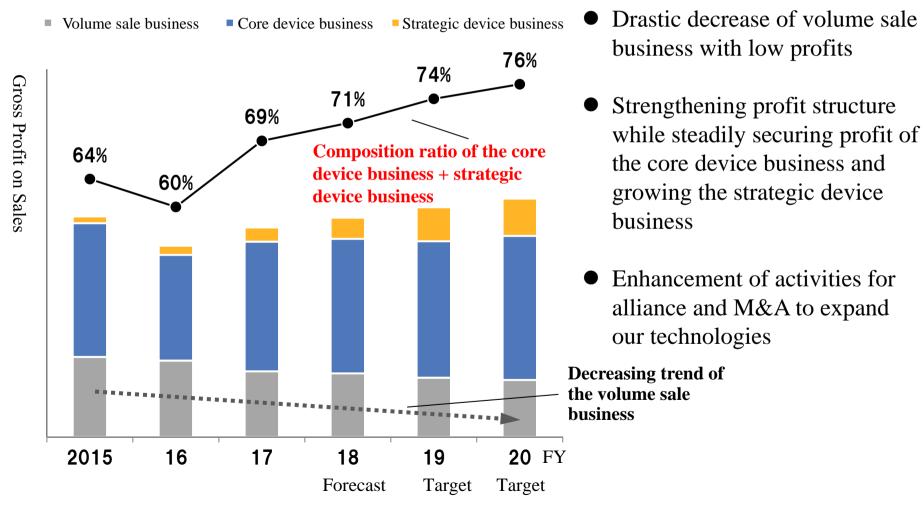
Enhancement of the profit structure by increasing the ratio of the core device business + strategic device business



- 1. Volume sale business (for mobile devices and social infrastructure)
- Maintaining a certain scale by enhancement of risk control and increase of efficiency
- 2. Core device business (Existing devices such as Renesas)
- Sales expansion of vehicle-mounted systems and in mass market where our strengths can be utilized
- Activities for an increase of the gross margin rate
- 3. Strategic device business (New devices, new businesses such as IoT, etc.)
- Aggressive entry into growing markets such as IoT
- Deepening of solution provision type businesses by cooperation with SIers

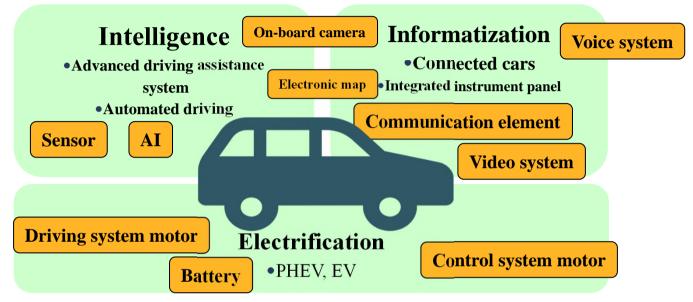
Enhancement of the profit structure by increasing the ratio of the core device business + strategic device business

Gross Profit on Sales Composition Transition



Expansion to diversified areas with strong core merchandise

→ Acceleration of approach to new customers



Room for entry of new players is expanding due to the accelerating need for the electrification of cars



- Use of a strategy roadmap to expand the sales area for a sales increase in the medium/long-term
- Enhancement of power source/analog system in particular with dedicated FAE* system at the core

「開発部」については正式英名のご確認をお願いします。 作成者, 2018/05/24 A3

For business for automobiles, aiming for ¥13 billion in sales in the fiscal year ending March 2020

- Informatization related

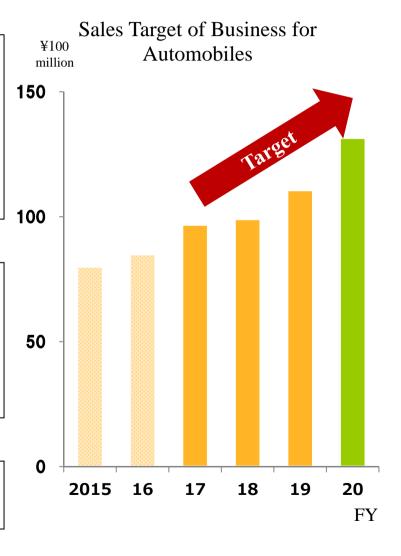
- Sales area expansion by customer development support with strong core merchandise (image processing system SoC*) and TAKUMI's graphic technology
- Sales increase of video related devices

- Intelligence related

 Focus on advanced driving assistance system related intelligence and improvement of technical ability to focus on advanced driving assistance system related intelligence (Wireless, power source, analog technology, etc.)

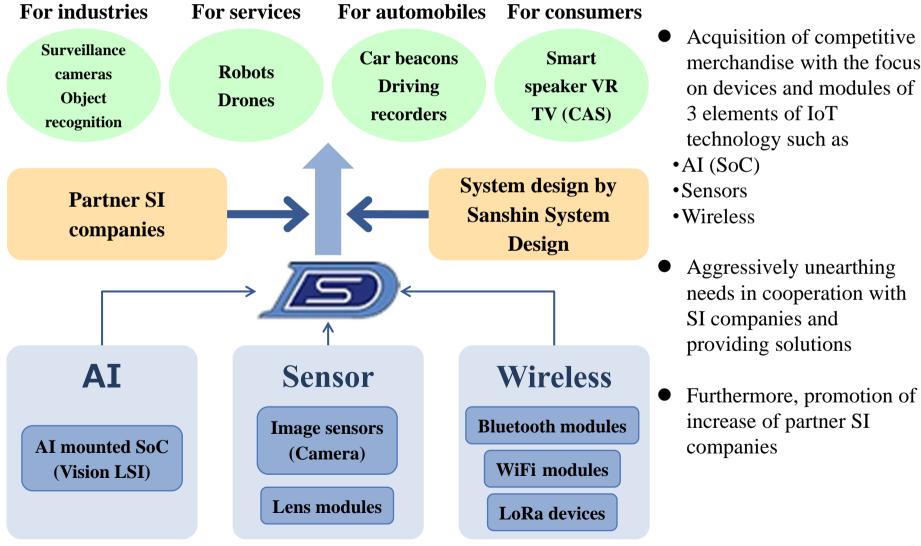
- Electrification related

• Focus on MCU for motor related items such as electric power steering and brakes



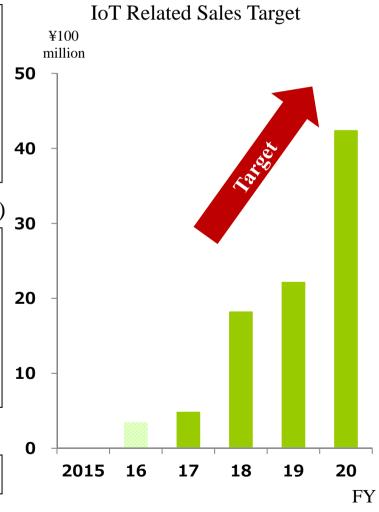
^{*}system on chip

Enhancement of the product lineup and acceleration of suggestions in every single direction by system construction



Aiming for a minimum ¥4 billion in new business sales such as IoT in the fiscal year ending March 2020

- Camera solutions
- In the vision sensing field, development of usage of AI camera solutions by combining imaging sensors and AI mounted SoC and sales expansion of AI camera solutions
 - Surveillance cameras, robots, drones
 - VR/AR/MR, vending machines and signage, etc.
- Beacon solutions (Cooperation with SI companies)
- Position detection and communication by wireless technologies such as Bluetooth and LPWA.
 - Vehicle-mounted beacons (for property and causality insurance companies)
 - Service operation situation management, behavior management
- AI solutions (Cooperation with SI companies)
- AI dialog software mounted devices, etc.



Use of internal and external management resources for producing type businesses and stock-type businesses by service provision

→ Expansion of business areas upstream

Exist	ing businesses		New businesses				
Volume sale business	Core device business	Kit/Module provision	Producing type business	Stock-type business			
				Service provision			
			Planning/ Production	Planning/ Production			
		Assembly (EMS/ODM)	Assembly (EMS/ODM)	Assembly (EMS/ODM)			
	Device solutions	Device solutions	Device solutions	Device solutions			
Supply chain provision	Supply chain provision	Supply chain provision	Supply chain provision	Supply chain provision			

II-4) Solution Business

Expansion of new business areas by placing internal and external joint creation and cooperation with external partners at the core

- Sales expansion of the Company's strong merchandise/items beyond the borders of business units
- Acquisition of closed DCs*

Attempt for business in new areas Acquisition of new merchandise

AI/IoT Cloud business Launch of new merchandise

- New area development/deep cultivation in the solution business x device business (AI/IoT, etc.)
- DC menu expansion
- Realization of service provision type outsourcing such as expansion of the cloud operation service

- Response to changes in the maintenance/support environment by utilizing our strengths
- Examination of deployment to new cloud services

Focus on two growth points

Deep cultivation of cross-selling

DO business enhancement

Enhancement of maintenance/support business

Expansion of profit from stock-type business

Cooperation with partner companies

 Continuous development of new customers by sharing strategies with major suppliers including NEC, etc.

cooperation with suppliers
Customer base expansion

Strengthening

Maintaining good relationships with existing customers

Main direction

*DC: Data center

Expansion of profit

from a stock-type business

Expansion of new business areas by placing internal and external joint creation and cooperation with external partners at the core

Attempt for business in new areas Acquisition of new merchandise AI/IoT Cloud business Launch of new merchandise Focus on two growth points Deep cultivation of cross-selling DC business Enhancement of hancemer the maintenance/support Strengthening business cooperation with suppliers

Customer base expansion

Four Priority Measures (Solution Business)

- (1) Strengthening of revenue base by deep cultivation of cross-selling
- (2) Activities for sales expansion of AI /IoT (embedded systems)
- (3) Promotion of the IoT construction model by collaboration with the device business
- (4) Attempt for service provision type outsourcing

Maintaining good relationships with existing customers

Continuous promotion of cross-selling of the Company's strong merchandise

BU Merchandise/ service	WN	Government agencies	Embedded systems	Fire fighting and disaster prevention	Video	AP	Technology	Device business
IT infrastructure	0	0					0	
Communication	0	0				0	0	
Application	*			*	*	0	0	
Platform	0	0	0	0	*	0	0	
Video system	*	*	*		0			
Live relay system		*		*	0	*		
Fire fighting system				0				
Disaster prevention radio system				0				
Embedded system	*		0					*
OEM			0					

Cross-sectoral

★ ⇒ Activity ongoing (Area expansion)

Specific Results and Future Outlook

- While using the crossselling route creation as a common policy, each BU continues to work on the deep cultivation of customers.
- Specifically, a certain level of results is seen in the sales expansion of AP merchandise to customers of video systems and network systems.

Expansion

• We will focus on increasing cross-selling in the embedded system business in particular in addition to expansion of the scale of business negotiations.

Aim for new business acquisition by using the sales expansion of AI and IoT as a trigger

AI

Sales expansion to the manufacturing industry mainly for NEC's application

(Ex.) Use in the judgment of quality products/defective products by evaluations with images

IoT/Embedded Systems

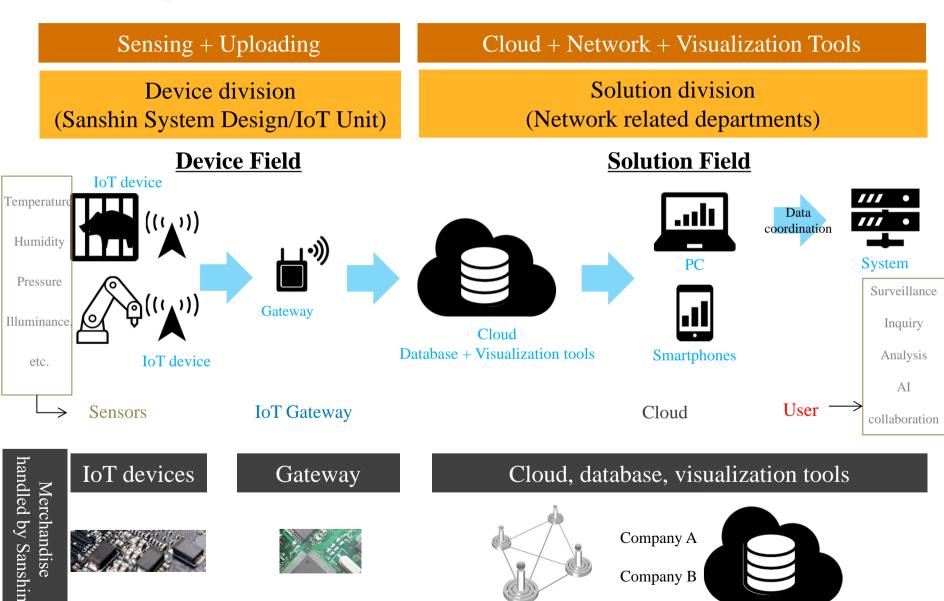
Service deployment from sensor devices to the edge and cloud

⇒ Creation of SI type business model



Further increase of sales expansion potential by cross-business projects

Aim for sales expansion of the IoT construction model by collaboration with the device business



Product/Service Axis

(4) Attempt for Service Provision Type Outsourcing

Unearthing DC projects by using collaboration with external partners as a basis→ Entry into the consulting area

A: Expansion to related businesses

Provision of new services to existing customers

- (1) Cloud operation service
- (2) Security service
- (3) Cloud backup
- (4) Rental server
- (5) Creation of new service

C: Entry in/development of new business
Service provision type outsourcing

- (1) Provision of IaaS and SaaS by utilization of SDC*
- (2) Expansion to the consulting area
- (3) Expansion of cloud operation service Entry into customer IT strategy area and consulting area

Existing business

Enhancement of existing business

- (1) IP network
- (2) IP communication
- (3) IT platform

- (4) Call center
- (5) System construction
- (6) Construction
- (7) Maintenance service
- (8) Data center

Deep cultivation of existing customers by product deployment

B. Customer/area expansion

Stock sales expansion to external sales customers

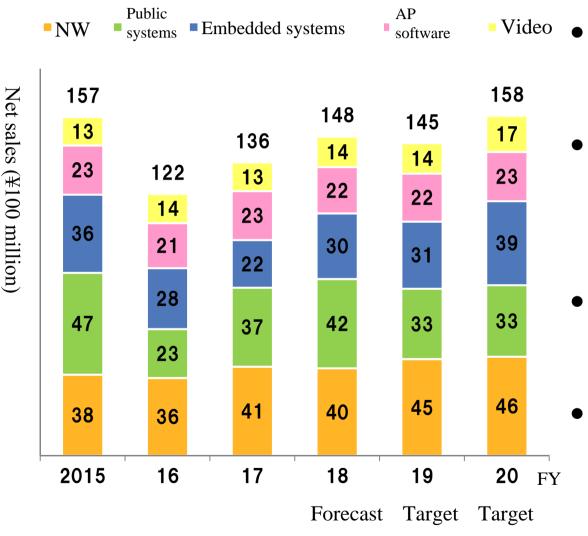
- (1) Enhancement of cooperation with external partners
- (2) Cross-selling with each partner company Horizontal deployment, suggestions and provisions of new services

Horizontal deployment of products/SDC sales partner expansion

Market/Area/Customer Axis

*SDC: Sanshin Data Center

Sales Target by Business Units (Solution Business)



- Against the backdrop of the penetration of use of cloud and the rise of interest in security merchandise, sales increase of NW and AP software is expected.
- Backed up by promotion of visualization of social infrastructure and making social infrastructure smart and recovery of customers' motivation for capital investment, embedded systems are expected to expand.
- Sales by video business unit are also forecast to expand due to the increase in demand for IP relay and live transmission.
- On the other hand, against the backdrop of peak out of upgrading to the digitalization of wireless communication for firefighting and emergency services, etc., sales by the public systems business unit are projected to decrease or remain flat.

II-5) Establishment of the Management Foundation

Aiming for enhancement of the Group's medium-to-long term business performance and corporate value, we will increase the effectiveness of our corporate governance system.

Strengthening of functions of External Directors

- Continuing to appoint multiple independent External Directors
- Holding Nomination and Remuneration Advisory Committees where independent External Directors are the main members
- Periodical meetings between the independent External Directors and Company's management

Increase of effectiveness of the monitoring function and advisory function

Operation of a performance-based compensation plan for Executive Directors

- Performance-based stock compensation plan for Executive Directors
- Performance-based bonus payment policy for Directors (Clarification of their management accountability in each fiscal year)

Sharing benefits and risks with shareholders

Toward enhancement of medium-to-long term business performance and corporate value

Establishment of the Management Foundation

To strengthen our business capability, with the aim of establishing a strong revenue base that can overcome changes in the business environment, contribution to a value increase of each business area from technical ability, human resources, and financial foundation

Deepening technical ability

- Strengthening our ability in applied technology with full knowledge of the development style unique to each customer
- Acquisition of each elemental technology such as the technologies related to embedded OS, graphics, wireless, IoT, and power devices and enhancement of technology teams

Deepening human resource development

- Focus on the development of specialists that enable system provision in terminals as well as the cloud
- Against the backdrop of acceleration from on-premise to cloud, <u>focus on the development</u> <u>of specialists</u> in anticipation of an increase of hybrid environment use
- Acceleration of development of Field Application Engineers (FAE) and project managers

Direction of capital policy

- Enhancement of returns to shareholders toward attainment of 5% of ROE which is the quantitative target of V70 and aiming for a further increase of capital efficiency
- As a part of returns to shareholders, acquisition of the Company's treasury stock based on the policy of acquisition of the Company's treasury stock which was already released
- Continuous examination of acquisition of the Company's treasury stock for the purpose of maximizing value for shareholders in consideration of corporate value and stock price level

Establishment of the Group's management system that contributes to the enhancement of corporate value

- Examination of a management system that <u>enables execution of expertise</u> in both the device/solution businesses from the technology/human resource aspects.
- Examination of a management system based on the precondition of <u>agile execution</u> of M&A and efficiency increase of both businesses.

III. Year Ending March 2019 Full-Year Business Forecasts

We forecast an increase in sales and profit due to an increase in net sales, despite factors such as an increase in interest paid due to rising U.S. interest rates.

	03/15 Res	sult	03/16	Result	03/17	Result	03/18	Result	03/19 Forecas	t	YoY Change
Net Sales	2,19	90.9	1	,990.8	1.	,676.6	1	,572.6	1,660.	0	106%
Gross Profit on Sales	6.3%	37.2	6.1%	122.3	6.4%	106.9	7.3%	114.5	7.3% 120	5	105%
SG&A Expenses	4.8%)4.6	5.2%	103.2	5.9%	98.8	6.2%	96.8	6.0% 99.:	2	102%
Operating Profit/Loss	1.5%	32.6	1.0%	19.1	0.5%	8.0	1.1%	17.6	1.3%	3	121%
Ordinary Profit/Loss	1.4%		0.8%	15.0	-0.6%	-9.5	1.1%	17.9	1.1%		106%
Net Profit/Loss Attributable to Shareholders of Parent	0.9%		0.5%	9.8	-0.9%	-15.8	0.6%		0.8%		143%
ROE		.1%		1.5%		-2.5%		1.5%	2.29		+0.7P
Annual Dividend Per Share		40		¥40		¥25		¥33	¥48		+¥15
Payout Ratio		.3%	1	15.3%				98.2%	100.29		+2.0P
Exchange Rate (1 US dollar)	¥109			20.14		08.42		110.86	¥105.0		-¥5.86

^{*1)} Figures in the YoY Change section for ROE, annual dividend per share, payout ratio and exchange rate represent increases or decreases.

^{*2)} Forecast for ROE in the fiscal year ending March 2019 does not factor in the impact of acquisition of treasury stock.

Year Ending March 2019 Full-Year Business Forecasts by Segment

Unit: ¥100 million

Device Business

- →We forecast that net sales will increase by 5% on a year-to-year comparison, and that the segment profit will recover due to the increase in net sales.
- → We expect an increase in sales of the products for mobile devices, continued strong sales of the products for vehicle-mounted systems, and the launch of new businesses focusing on IoT.

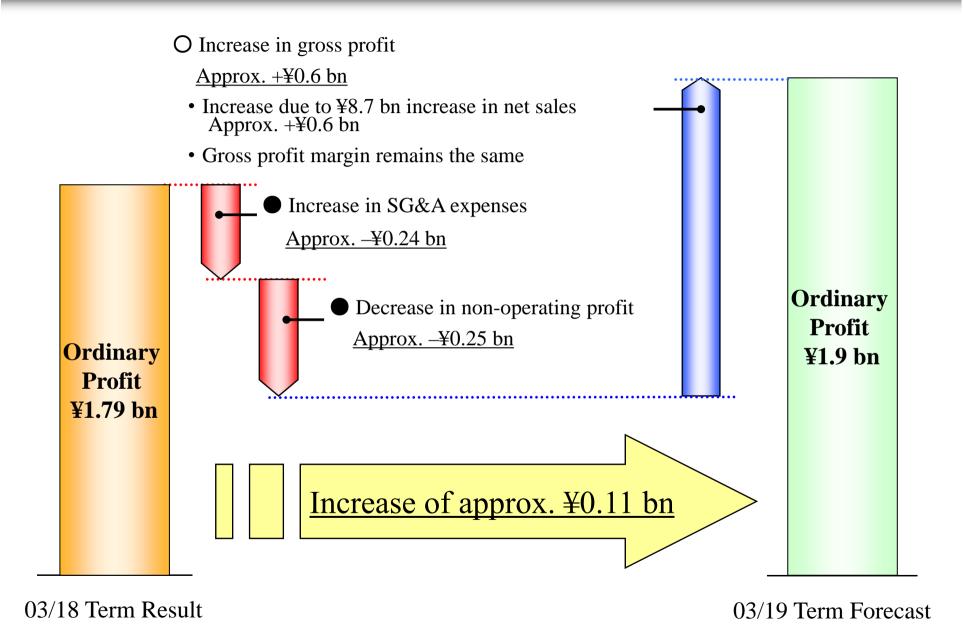
Solution Business

- →We forecast that net sales will increase by 9% on a year-to-year comparison, and that the segment profit will be ¥1.07 bn, almost the same level with the previous term.
- →We forecast continued expansion in sales for public institutions and recovery in embedded systems.

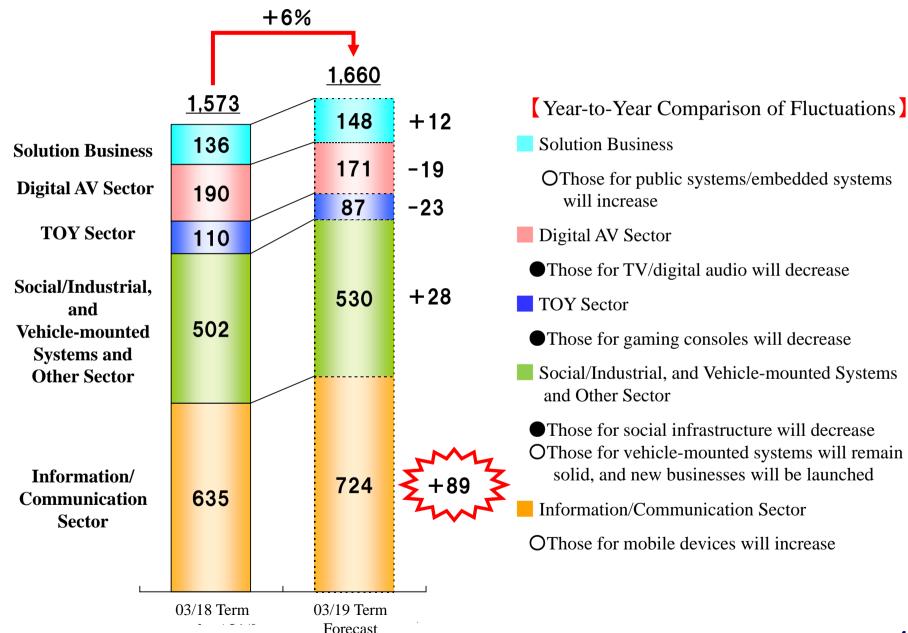
		03/15 Result	03/16 Result	03/17 Result	03/18 Result	03/19 Forecast	YoY Change
	Net Sales	2,024.5	1,833.3	1,554.8	1,437.0	1,512.0	105%
Device	Operating	1.3%	0.7%	0.4%	1.1%	1.5%	
Business	Profit/Loss	26.6	13.0	6.8	16.2	22.0	136%
	Segment	0.7%	-0.1%	-1.3%	0.5%	0.5%	
	Profit/Loss	14.7	-1.0	-20.3	7.2	8.3	115%
	Net Sales	166.4	157.5	121.7	135.6	148.0	109%
Solution	Operating	11.0%	11.3%	10.1%	9.8%	10.0%	
Business	Profit/Loss	18.3	17.8	12.4	13.4	14.7	110%
	Segment	9.9%	10.1%	8.8%	7.8%	7.2%	
	Profit/Loss	16.5	16.0	10.8	10.6	10.7	101%
Exchange rate (1 US dollar)		¥109.93	¥120.14	¥108.42	¥110.86	¥105.00	-¥5.86

^{*}Figures in the YoY Change section for exchange rate represent an increase or decrease of amount.

Year Ending March 2019 Year-to-Year Comparison of Consolidated Ordinary Profit



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Attitudes Toward Return to Shareholders

Policy on Distribution of Profits

The Company considers profit returns to its shareholders as one of the most important management issues. The Company's basic policy is to determine dividends by comprehensively considering the need to maintain a balance between rewarding of shareholders, investment to gain opportunities for growth, attainment of sufficient retained earnings to enable sustainable growth, and improvement in capital efficiency. Under this policy, the Company has set a target for its dividend payout ratio of around 50% on a consolidated basis.

Predicted Dividends for the Year Ending March 2019

- •An annual dividend of ¥48 per share, the same amount of the previous fiscal year
- \rightarrow ¥10 at midterm; ¥38 at term-end
- → Consolidated dividend payout ratio of 100.2%
- Average consolidated dividend payout ratio from the term ended Mar. 2015 to the term ending Mar. 2019: 141.8%

Under the current V70 Medium-Term Management Plan (closing in the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021), as part of measures for enhancement in capital efficiency, the Company is increasing the consolidated dividend payout ratio to around 100% in the three consecutive terms extending from the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018 to the fiscal year ending March 31, 2021. In addition, the Company is acquiring treasury stock by setting the maximum acquisition cost at ¥20 bn (or by setting the maximum number of acquired shares at 10 million) in the above three terms. Based on the assumption that the consolidated dividend payout ratio will be around 100% for the number of shares being paid out in the fiscal year ended March 31, 2018, there is the possibility that the number of shares being paid out will change due to tender offers for treasury stock disclosed on May 14, and that this may cause a change in the assessment figures for dividend per share.

Forecast of Shareholder Returns

	03/15 Term Result	03/16 Term Result	03/17 Term Result	03/18 Term Result	03/19 Term Forecast*7)
1) Consolidated net profit	¥2,003 million	¥978 million	-¥1,575 million	¥947 million	¥1,350 million
2) Comprehensive profit	¥3,993 million	-¥1,106 million	-¥720 million	¥912 million	-
3) Consolidated equity ratio	64.5 %	66.3 %	65.4 %	65.7 %	51.8%
4) Total dividend (Dividend per share)	¥1,127 million (¥40)	¥1,127 million (¥40)	¥704 million (¥25)	¥934 million (¥33)	¥1,359 million (¥48)
5) Consolidated payout ratio	56.3%	115.3%	-	98.2%	100.2%
6) Value of treasury stock acquired (Number of shares acquired)	-	-	-	-	¥19.72 billion (9 million shares)
7) Total payout ratio (4+6) ÷ 1	56.3%	115.3%	-	98.2%	1,561.4%
8) Cancellation of treasury stock	-	-	-	-	Suspense
9) Total number of shares issued (Excluding treasury stock)	29,281 thousand shares (28,179 thousand shares)	29,281 thousand shares (28,179 thousand shares)	29,281 thousand shares (28,179 thousand shares)	29,281 thousand shares (28,179 thousand shares)	29,281 thousand shares (19,179 thousand shares)
10) Net profit per share	¥71.11	¥34.70	-¥55.90	¥33.62	¥70.39
11) Net assets per share	¥2,328.64	¥2,249.40	¥2,183.84	¥2,191.19	¥2,214.97

^{*1)} Those acquired along with purchase requests for odd shares are not included in the number of treasury stock acquired.

6) The value of treasury stock acquired until 03/16 term is ¥6,035 million (8,281 thousand shares, of which 7,179 shares were cancelled).

A5

²⁾ Net profit per share is calculated based on the average number of issued shares (shares other than treasury stock) during the period.

³⁾ Net assets per share is calculated based on the total number of shares issued (excluding treasury stock) at fiscal year end.

⁴⁾ The forecast for consolidated equity ratio, total dividend and consolidated payout ratio for 03/18 term does not factor in the impact of acquisition of treasury stock.

⁵⁾ The forecast for net profit per share and net assets per share for 03/18 term is calculated based on the total number of shares issued (excluding treasury stock) as of September 30, 2017.

⁷⁾ The forecast for 03/19 term assumes that tender offers will be made for treasury stock on May 14. However, the dividend per share does not consider tender offers for treasury stock on May 14.

スライド 45

4)と5)について、「18年3月期予想」は「19年3月期予想」の誤りではないかと思いますが、原文通りの訳としています。 作成者、2018/05/28 A4

A5 原文:但し、1株当り配当は左記を織り込んでおりません。

「左記」は、「5/14付自己株式の公開買付けの実施」のことを指していると考え、「tender offers for treasury stock on May 14」としました。ご確認ください。 作成者、2018/05/31

IV. Financial Situation

Consolidated Financial Situation

- Unit: ¥100 million
- Regarding the results of the fiscal year ended March 31 2018, total assets were ¥94.0 bn; cash and deposits decreased mainly due to an increase in inventories; and the equity ratio was 65.7%.
- Regarding the forecast for the fiscal year ending March 2019, total assets will be ¥82.0 bn; cash and deposits will decrease mainly due to accounts receivable and purchase of treasury stock; and the equity ratio will be 51.8%.

1) Balance Sheets

1) Balance Sheets						
	FY ended Mar. 17 Result (A)	FY ended Mar. 18 Result (B)	B-A Increase/ Decrease	FY ending Mar. 19 Forecast (C)	C-B Increase/ Decrease	
Cash and deposits	196.0	171.8	-24.2	70.0	-101.8	
Accounts receivable	526.1	480.7	-45.4	502.0	21.3	
Inventories	113.3	168.9	55.6	130.0	-38.9	
Other assets	106.1	118.3	12.2	118.0	-0.3	
Total assets	941.4	939.7	-1.7	820.0	-119.7	
Accounts payable	167.2	156.3	-10.8	163.0	6.7	
Interest bearing liabilities	131.2	138.1	6.9	208.1	70.0	
Other liabilities	27.7	27.4	-0.2	24.1	-3.3	
Total net assets	615.4	617.9	2.5	424.8	-193.1	
Total liabilities and net assets	941.4	939.7	-1.7	820.0	-119.7	
Equity ratio	65.4%	65.7%	+0.3P	51.8%	⁻ 13.9P	

2) Cash Flows

FY ended Mar. 17 Mar. 18 Mar. 19 Forecast Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable-trade PY ended Mar. 17 Result Result 27.8 33.6 -21	9 st
	1.0
_	1.3
Decrease (increase) in inventories 68.0 -57.8	8.9
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable-trade -52.6 -7.6	6.7
Other 7.5 11.9 12	2.0
Operating C/F 50.7 -20.0 36	6.3
Investing C/F -7.3 -10.5 -1	1.0
Financing C/F 52.6 5.8 -137	7.1
Foreign currency conversion adjustments -0.9 -0.0	
Increase (decrease) in cash and deposits 95.1 -24.7 -101	1.8
Increase in cash and deposits from newly consolidated subsidiary 0.4	
Balance of cash and deposits at term-end 196.0 171.7 69	9.9

^{*} The forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019 assumes that tender offers will be made for treasury stock on May 14.

Supplemental Materials

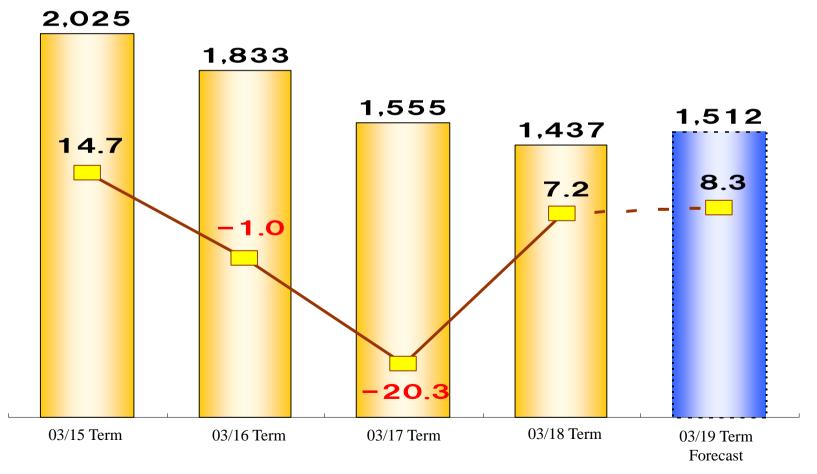
Year Ending March 2019 Device Business Forecasts

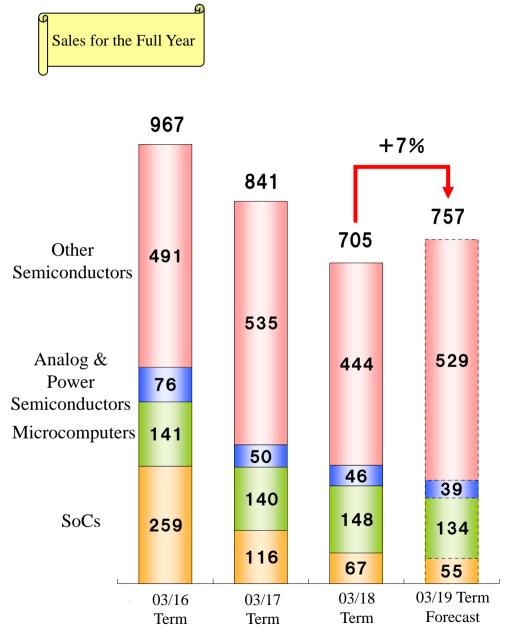
Segment profit returned to profitability; we will now focus on reform of our business portfolio to enhance profitability

Net Sales/Segment Profit

*Bar Graph: Net Sales

*Polygonal Line: Segment Profit

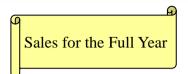


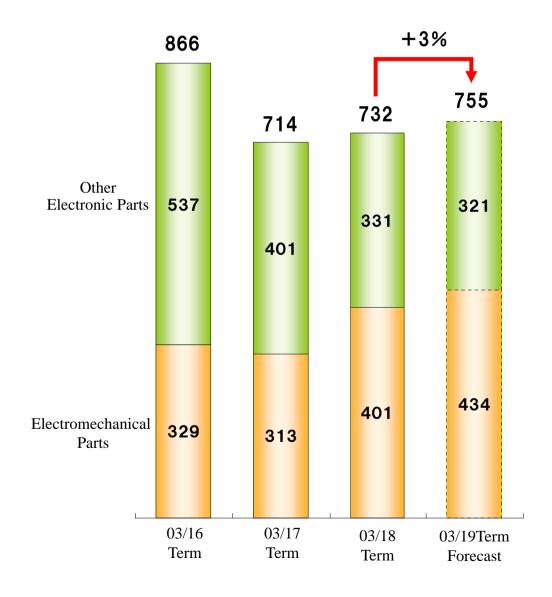


Year-to-Year Comparison of Fluctuations

- SoCs (System LSIs)
 - Those for gaming consoles will decrease
- Microcomputers
 - Those for gaming consoles will decrease
 - OThose for vehicle-mounted systems/household electrical appliances will remain solid
- Analog & Power Semiconductors
 - A decrease is expected due to planned production cease at a supplier
- Other Semiconductors
 - OThose for mobile devices, storage, motors and vehicle-mounted systems will increase
 - OAn increase in sales of new businesses such as wireless ICs is expected

	YoY Change
SoCs	-18%
Microcomputers	-10%
Analog & Power Semiconductors	-16%
Other Semiconductors	+7%





Year-to-Year Comparison of Fluctuations

Electromechanical Parts

OThose for mobile devices will increase

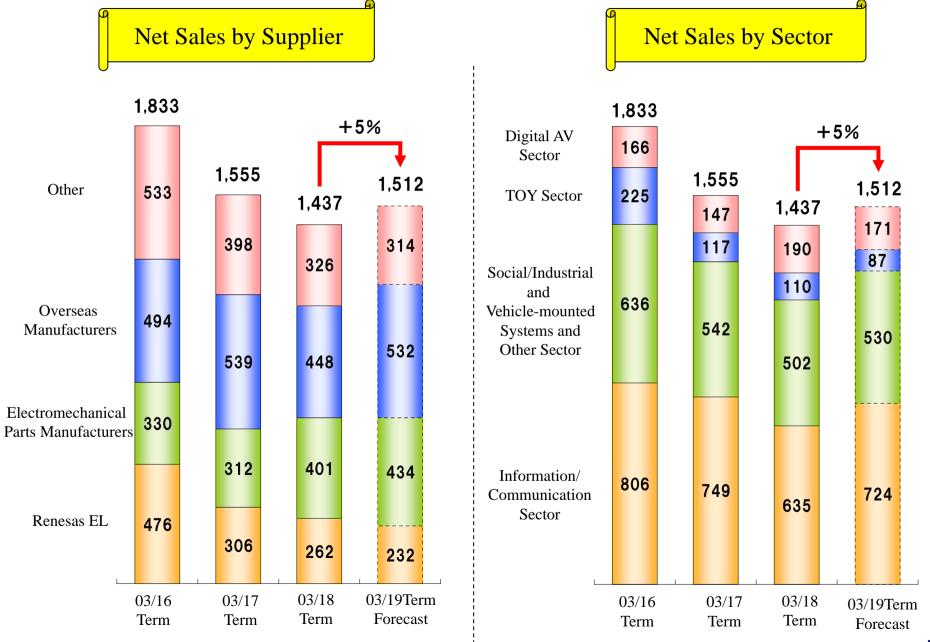
Other Electronic Parts

• Those for social infrastructure will decrease

OWe expect new businesses including solution proposals for modules/finished products

	YoY Change
Electromechanical Parts	+8%
Other	-3%

Changes in Net Sales for Device Business



Year Ending March 2019 Solution Business Forecasts

After recording an increase in sales and a decrease in profit, we forecast that, despite of an increase in sales, profit would remain at the same level with the current term, but need to focus on building a highly profitable revenue base.



*Bar Graph: Net Sales

*Polygonal Line: Segment Profit

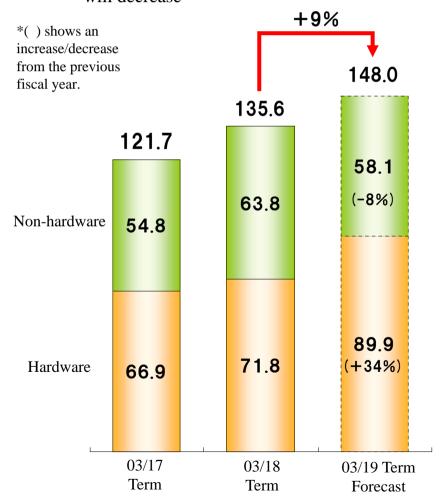


Solution Business Forecast for the Full-Year

Unit: ¥100 million

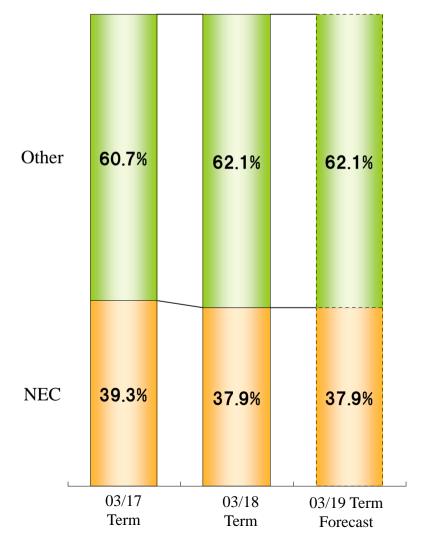
Changes in Net Sales by Product

- Hardware: Public systems/embedded systems will increase
- Non-hardware: Spots for NW/public systems will decrease

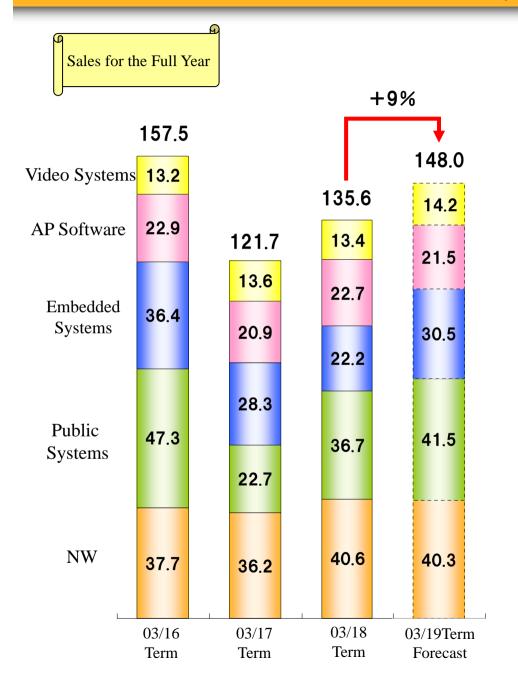


Sales Composition Ratio by Supplier

Proportion taken by NEC will be maintained at 37%-39%; collaboration will be strengthened



(Solution Business) Full-Year Business Forecasts by Business Category



Year-to-Year Comparison of Fluctuations

- NW
 - Infrastructure-related business for private sector will decrease slightly
- Public Systems (fire stations & government agencies)
 - OSales relating to firefighting, disaster prevention and infrastructure will increase
- Embedded Systems

OLTO and RAID technologies will increase

- AP Software
 - Production/SG&A expenses, etc. will decrease
- Video Systems

OPortable video transmitters/IPTV systems and other products will increase

	YoY Change
NW	-1%
Public Systems	+13%
Embedded Systems	+38%
AP Software	-5%
Video Systems	+6%





TRUST

Business cannot succeed without trust. It begins and ends with trust.





PRINCIPLES

Do not just pursue profit. But act based on principles, which can be realized through self-discipline.





SINCERITY

Always act sincerely. Rise to the challenge head-on.

Thank you for your attention.

*Note for Use of This Reference Material

Business forecasts and other statements contained in this reference material regarding the future are predictions based on information available at the time of writing and are not intended as a promise of performance on the part of the Company. Due to various factors, actual results may differ from assessment figures. Major factors affecting actual results are mainly those listed below.

- Economic conditions and consumption trends in Japan,
 North America and Asia
- Purchaser's production trends and product development
- > Supplier's supply situation and product development
- Price drops due to intensifying competition
- Significant fluctuations in exchange rates

